

Due: 2011/09/19 before class

Homework 1

Problem 1. Calculate the following:

(a) $\binom{10}{8}$;

(b) The inverse of 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 in \mathbf{Z}_7 , i.e. for each $1 \leq i \leq 6$, find $j = i^{-1}$ such that $ij \equiv 1 \pmod{7}$;

(c) The rightmost digit in the decimal $\binom{449}{137}$, i.e. $\binom{449}{137} \pmod{10}$.

Problem 2. Find the number of ordered pairs (A, B) such that $A, B \subseteq [n]$ and $A \cap B = \emptyset$.

Problem 3. Prove

$$\sum_{r=0}^n r^2 \binom{n}{r} = n(n+1)2^{n-2}.$$

For extra challenge, find a combinatorial proof.

Problem 4. Give a combinatorial proof for

$$\sum_{k=0}^n \binom{2k}{k} \binom{2n-2k}{n-k} = 4^n.$$